

Standard Deduction Chart for People Born Before January 2, 1951, or Who are Blind

Check the correct number of boxes below. Then go to the chart.

You: Born before January 2, 1951 Blind

Your spouse, if claiming spouse's exemption: Born before January 2, 1951 Blind

Total number of boxes checked

IF your filing status is...	AND the number in box above is...	THEN your standard deduction is...
Single	1	\$7,850
	2	9,400
Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child	1	\$13,850
	2	15,100
	3	16,350
	4	17,600
Married filing separately	1	\$7,550
	2	8,800
	3	10,050
	4	11,300
Head of household	1	\$10,800
	2	12,350

*If someone else can claim you (or your spouse if filing jointly) as a dependent, use standard deduction worksheet for dependents.

Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents

Use this worksheet only if someone else can claim you (or your spouse if filing jointly) as a dependent.

Check the correct number of boxes below. Then go to the worksheet.

You: Born before January 2, 1951 Blind

Your spouse, if claiming spouse's exemption: Born before January 2, 1951 Blind

Total number of boxes checked

1. Enter your earned income (defined below). If none, enter -0-.	1. _____
2. Additional amount.	2. _____ \$350
3. Add lines 1 and 2.	3. _____
4. Minimum standard deduction.	4. _____ \$1000
5. Enter the larger of line 3 or line 4.	5. _____
6. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status. <input type="checkbox"/> Single or Married filing separately—\$6,300 <input type="checkbox"/> Married filing jointly—\$12,600 <input type="checkbox"/> Head of household—\$9,250	6. _____
7. Standard deduction. a. Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 6. If born after January 1, 1951, and not blind, stop here. This is your standard deduction. Otherwise, go on to line 7b. b. If born before January 2, 1951, or blind, multiply \$1,550 (\$1,250 if married) by the number in the box above. c. Add lines 7a and 7b. This is your standard deduction for 2015.	7a. _____ 7b. _____ 7c. _____

Earned income includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees, and other compensation received for personal services you performed. It also includes any amount received as a scholarship that you must include in your income.