

Refund and Amount of Tax Owed

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Refund	34	If line 33 is more than line 24, subtract line 24 from line 33. This is the amount you overpaid	34	
	35a	Amount of line 34 you want refunded to you. If Form 8888 is attached, check here	35a	
Direct deposit? See instructions.	►b	Routing number		
	►d	Account number		
	36	Amount of line 34 you want applied to your 2021 estimated tax > 36		
Amount	37	Subtract line 33 from line 24. This is the amount you owe now	37	
You Owe		Note: Schedule H and Schedule SE filers, line 37 may not represent all of the taxes you owe for		
For details on how to pay, see instructions.		2020. See Schedule 3, line 12e, and its instructions for details.		
	38	Estimated tax penalty (see instructions)		

About Refund and Amount of Tax Owed

- Additional resources listed in L< "Partner Resources" tab
- Review all tips and cautions in the lesson
- Read all examples and sample interviews
- We will review answers to each exercise

Objectives – Refund and Amount of Tax Owed

- Identify the section and lines of Form 1040 for the refund or amount owed
- Report the correct refund amount or amount owed
- Identify the refund options available, including the purchase of savings bonds
- Describe the different payment options for an amount owed
- Revise the amount of tax withheld or make estimated tax payments to avoid underpayment of taxes
- Identify the purpose and determine how to complete the Third Party Designee portion of the tax return
- Time Required: 30 minutes

Topics





- Refund or Tax Due
- U.S. Savings Bonds
- Amount Owed
- Estimated Tax Penalty
- Adjusting Tax Withholding
- Third Party Designees
- Avoiding Common Errors

Key Terms

Definitions are always available in the L< online Glossary.

- Form 2210
- Form 9465
- Form W-4
- Form W-4P
- Form W-4R
- Tax Liability (or total tax bill)
- Withholding Allowance
- Withholding Tax

Refund or Tax Due

- The taxpayer's total tax appears in the Other Taxes section of Form 1040
- The taxpayer's total tax payments already made (including refundable credits) appears in the Payments section of Form 1040
- If payments made exceed the amount of tax liability, the amount of the overpayment appears in the Refund section of Form 1040
- Form 8888, Allocation of Refund, is used to deposit a refund into up to three bank accounts
- For more information, review Pub 4012, Tab K, Finishing the Return:
 - Pointers for Direct Deposit of Refunds
 - Balance Due Returns
- Double-check accuracy of routing and account numbers for direct deposit refunds

U.S. Savings Bonds

- Taxpayers may purchase U.S. savings bonds with their tax refunds for themselves or for co-owners, such as children or grandchildren
- Bonds are available in multiples of \$50 and the total cannot exceed \$5,000
- Form 8888 is used to buy savings bonds
- Series I bonds are sold at face value and accrue interest until redeemed or until they reach their final maturity in 30 years
- Series I bonds pay interest based on a combination of a fixed rate and a semiannual inflation rate
- Refund status can be checked at "Where's My Refund" feature on www.irs.gov, or calling 1-800-829-1954

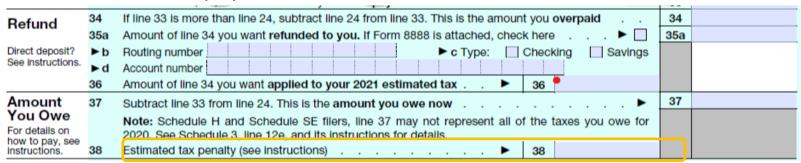


Amount Owed

- Payment options for taxes owed are:
 - Check or money order submitted with Form 1040-V, Payment Voucher
 - Electronic funds withdrawal
 - Credit card
 - Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS)
 - IRS Direct Pay
 - Cash at a retail partner
 - Pay by mobile device
- Review Pub 4012, Tab K, Finishing the Return, Balance Due Returns
- Taxpayers who cannot pay the full amount owed may request one of the following agreements:
 - Pay in full within 180 days with no fee
 - Monthly installment payments using <u>Form 9465</u>, Installment Agreement Request, with a fee

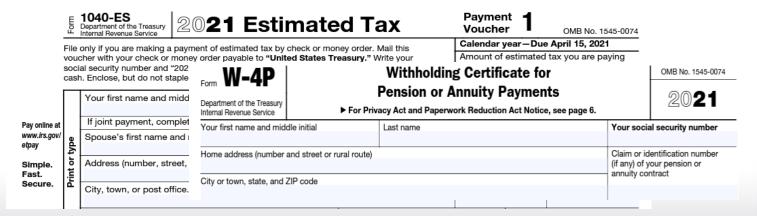
Estimated Tax Penalty

- Estimated tax penalty may apply for underpayment of estimated taxes
- Most taxpayers must make estimated tax payments if they expect to owe at least \$1,000 in tax (after subtracting withholding and credits)
- <u>Form 2210</u>, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, is used to calculate estimated tax penalty (out of scope)
- Estimated tax penalty is reported on Form 1040, line 38
- Leave line 38 blank; if a penalty is due, the IRS will figure the amount and send the taxpayer a notice



Avoiding a Balance Due Next Year

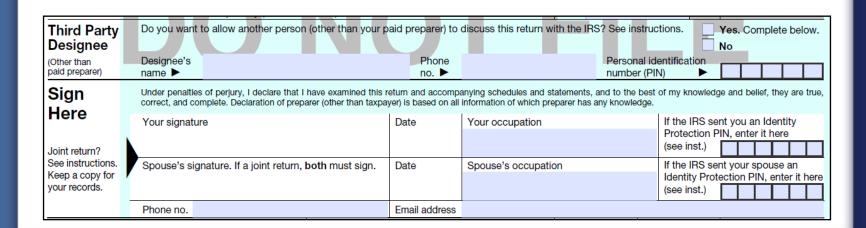
- Taxpayers use <u>Form W-4</u>, <u>Form W-4P</u>, <u>Form W-4R</u>, or <u>Form W-4V</u> to adjust withholding amounts
- Refer to Pub 17, Tax Withholding and Estimated Taxes section for more information
- Use the decision tree in Pub 17, Tax Withholding and Estimated Taxes, to help determine if a taxpayer should make estimated tax payments
- Use worksheets in <u>Form 1040-ES</u>, Estimated Tax for Individuals, to compute the amount of estimated tax



Concluding the Interview 10

Third Party Designees

- Taxpayers may choose to authorize another person to discuss their tax return with the IRS
- Volunteer tax preparers must never be designated as the third party designee



Avoiding Errors

- Errors in bank account information may result in significant delays or misdirected funds
- Double- and triple-check bank routing and account numbers for direct deposit and electronic funds withdrawal

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Out of Scope for this Lesson:

• Form 2210, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates, and Trusts

Summary

This lesson explained:

- If total tax payments are greater than the tax liability, this is an overpayment and the taxpayer can:
 - Receive a refund by check or direct deposit, or
 - Apply any portion of the overpayment to the next year's estimated tax
- Form 8888 is used to split the refund in up to three different accounts
- Taxpayers can use their refund to buy U.S. savings bonds for themselves or others
- If tax payments are less than amount owed, taxpayers have several options to pay the balance due, including an installment plan
- Taxpayers who owe taxes must pay by due date of the return to avoid interest and possible penalties
- Revising Form W-4 can increase or decrease withholding amounts